



# TEXACO MARFAK<sup>®</sup> MULTIPURPOSE

## 2

### CUSTOMER BENEFITS

Texaco Marfak Multipurpose delivers value through:

- **Good water resistance** — Provides lubrication in the presence of water.
- **Good corrosion protection** — Inhibited to protect gear and bearing surfaces.
- **Good oxidation stability** — Helps to ensure long life in storage and in use.
- **Simplified lubrication** — One grease designed to satisfy most general purpose, non-EP grease requirements.

### FEATURES

Texaco Marfak Multipurpose is manufactured using selected, highly refined medium viscosity index base oils, a lithium 12-hydroxystearate thickener, and rust and oxidation inhibitors.

It is work stable and resists separation or throw out from antifriction bearings. It has a low oil bleeding tendency under pressure and is pumpable at low temperatures.

### APPLICATIONS

Texaco Marfak Multipurpose satisfies general automotive and industrial applications that do not require the use of an EP grease.

### TYPICAL TEST DATA

NLGI Grade	2
CPS Number	220958
MSDS Number	8962
Operating Temperature, °C(°F)	
Minimum <sup>1</sup>	-20(-29)
Maximum <sup>2</sup>	121(250)
Penetration, at 25°C(77°F)	
Worked	280
Worked (10000X), %Change	5
Dropping Point, °C(°F)	188(370)
Copper Corrosion	1B
Thickener, %	7.5
Type	Lithium
Viscosity, Kinematic*	
cSt at 40°C	220
cSt at 100°C	18.1
Viscosity, Saybolt*	
SUS at 100°F	1200
SUS at 210°F	93
Flash Point, °C(°F)*	198(388)
Pour Point, °C(°F)*	-12(+10)
Texture	Buttery
Color	Brown

Typical test data are average values only. Minor variations which do not affect product performance are to be expected in normal manufacturing.

- <sup>1</sup> Minimum operating temperature is the lowest temperature at which a grease, already in place, could be expected to provide lubrication. Most greases cannot be pumped at these minimum temperatures.
  - <sup>2</sup> Maximum operating temperature is the highest temperature at which the grease could be used with frequent (daily) relubrication.
- \* Determined on mineral oil extracted by vacuum filtration.